Program Cycle Additional Help
DRAFTING A COLLABORATING, LEARNING, AND ADAPTING PLAN

Introduction

Collaborating, Learning, and Adapting (CLA) involves strategic collaboration, continuous learning, and adaptive management. CLA approaches to development include collaborating intentionally with stakeholders to share knowledge and reduce duplication of effort, learning systematically by drawing on evidence from a variety of sources and taking time to reflect on implementation, and applying learning by adapting intentionally. Strategic collaboration, continuous learning, and adaptive management connect all components of the Program Cycle. CLA can help USAID program in a way that is coordinated, grounded in evidence, and adjusted as necessary.

Developing a CLA Plan helps ensure that learning is planned, resourced, integrated into ongoing tasks, and acted on in ways that can maximize results.

The CLA Plan in the Performance Management Plan (PMP) focuses on collaborating, learning, and adapting at the strategy level. Project and Activity Monitoring, Evaluation and Learning (MEL) Plans address these issues for project and activity implementation. The CLA Plan in the PMP should inform Project and Activity MEL Plans. As projects and activities are designed, the PMP and CLA Plan should be updated as necessary, so that Activity MEL Plans, Project MEL Plans and the PMP complement each other. (See the How-To Note: Prepare and Maintain a PMP, How-To Note: Project MEL Plan, and How-To Note: Activity MEL Plan guidance for more information.)

The Mission’s Program Office is responsible for drafting the CLA Plan, managing its implementation and updating it as necessary. However, support and technical offices should be involved in developing and implementing the Plan as appropriate.

CONTENTS OF A CLA PLAN

The CLA Plan should include information on how CLA activities will support the Mission’s Country Development Cooperation Strategy (CDCS) and describe Mission-level activities and processes to address:

- strategic collaboration;
- learning at the strategy level;
- opportunities for reflecting on progress to inform adaptation; and
- resourcing these activities.

Program Cycle Additional Help documents provide non-mandatory guidance intended to clarify ADS 201. Curated by the Bureau for Policy, Planning and Learning (PPL), these may include “how-to” guidelines, templates and examples of best practice.
It may also address the enabling conditions, such as organizational culture and processes, that affect learning.

The text box below describes some of the activities and processes that might be included in a CLA Plan.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CLA Activities and Processes</th>
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<td>These are some of the types of activities and processes that Missions may consider including in their CLA Plans, as appropriate:</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Strategic Collaboration</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Coordinating site visits among technical teams to encourage collaboration</td>
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<td>• Facilitating implementing partners’ efforts to collaborate and share information with each other through joint work planning sessions or other means</td>
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<td><strong>Learning</strong></td>
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<td>• Developing learning agendas or questions around critical knowledge gaps at the Development Objective, project, or activity level</td>
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<td>• Identifying trends or changes in the context that could impact the portfolio and processes for tracking and responding to them</td>
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<td>• Participate in knowledge sharing forums, such as communities of practice and learning networks</td>
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<td><strong>Reflection to Inform Adaptation</strong></td>
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<td>• Planning for facilitated reflection sessions with local stakeholders to regularly gather information on context changes</td>
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<td>• Instituting stocktaking and other reflection opportunities to consider new learning, shifting priorities, and necessary adaptations</td>
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Each activity or process listed in the plan should include information on:

- **Roles and Responsibilities** – Which office or staff member will be responsible for leading the activity or process?
- **Expected Outcomes** – What is the intended outcome for each action item? What will change as a result of implementing the identified process or activity?
- **Timeline** – What are the key milestones and/or deadlines for the action items?
- **Resources** – What resources (including staff time, mechanisms, implementing partners, funding, etc.) will be used to implement the action item?
- **Next steps** – What is the first step to be taken in implementing this action?

**DEVELOPING THE CLA PLAN**

An effective CLA Plan is based on first understanding the organization’s current practices that support strategic collaboration, continuous learning, and adaptive management – both the successes and challenges – and then defining aspirations for these practices and the practical steps to achieve them. Missions can opt to use the CLA maturity tool to facilitate the self-assessment and action planning process. The CLA maturity tool is a set of cards that offer illustrative examples of what CLA looks like at different stages of maturity; when missions use the tool, staff are engaged in conversations that help define priorities and next steps to strengthen learning processes. (See the maturity tool overview for more information)
Alternatively, the Mission may use another organizational learning, knowledge management, or organizational development assessment tool, or convene staff from a variety of offices in a meeting or series of meetings around CLA.

Discussions or participatory activities during these meetings should address questions such as:

1. **Collaborating**: Are we collaborating with the right partners? In the right way? How are we collaborating internally? Which relationships or networks need attention?

2. **Learning**: What processes and activities are in place to encourage learning? What sort of questions are we asking to fill knowledge gaps and make informed decisions? How are we using and learning from our monitoring data and evaluations? How are we learning from program implementation? How are we sharing what we have learned internally and with stakeholders?

3. **Adapting**: What are we doing to regularly reflect on our programs and the context in which we work? How are we using what we have learned from collaboration and learning activities to make decisions and adjustments? What processes and activities are in place to encourage adaptation?

4. **Enabling Conditions**: How does our organizational environment support our collaborating, learning, and adapting efforts? What changes in the organizational culture or processes would make the biggest difference?
Based on these discussions, the Mission should decide on a few priority areas of focus during the strategy period. There are several principles to keep in mind during this process:

- CLA should build upon and reinforce existing processes and practices as much as possible, rather than creating new ones. CLA should not be viewed as a separate workstream.
- Not everything can be a priority. While it is important to set stretch goals, in certain areas the Mission may already be practicing collaborating, learning, or adapting at an appropriate level for their context. In those cases, planning to maintain the status quo or make incremental changes may be the best course of action.
- The focus areas and level of attention paid to certain activities and processes will vary depending on the context, budget, staff, and other factors, so CLA will look different in every Mission.
- CLA approaches should be based on the Mission’s context and programs, with an emphasis on practices that will be the most effective in intensifying development results.

Using the information gained during the self-assessment, the Mission drafts a CLA Plan, using one of the templates provided or another format.

**FOLLOW-UP/REVIEW**

Like the rest of the PMP, the CLA Plan should be used as a management tool and revisited periodically. As the context changes, priorities evolve, and the strategy is implemented, learning activities should be adjusted accordingly. Regularly updating the plan helps ensure that learning continues to be addressed systematically, resourced adequately, and integrated with ongoing work. Missions should consider updating the CLA Plan in conjunction with any PMP updates, portfolio reviews, stocktaking exercises or other major learning events. Missions may also find it useful to revisit the maturity matrix or other assessment exercise to check on progress and re-validate priorities.